Stormwater Utility Development

COUNCIL WORK SESSION

June 6, 2016



Discussion Agenda

2

- Update from last meeting (April 11, 2016)
- Describe rate development process
- Review initial results
- Seek Council feedback
- Discuss Public Outreach program
- Update on DEQ permit

Steps to Adoption

3

Legal

Implement local code changes

Financial Plan Identify revenue requirements and funding level

Rate Structure • Select rate structure and calculate rates

Implementation Plan

- Conduct public outreach
- Develop internal systems (billing & accounting)

Update From April Meeting

- April meeting discussed revenue requirements (\$3.0 million)*
- Rate development process required revenue requirements confirmation
- Needed to include account maintenance and billing costs (adds \$450,000, reduces water and sewer costs)
- Revised revenue requirements \$3.45 million*

Rate Design Principles

5

- Equitable relationship between services provided and payments made by those receiving services
- Defensible meets legal standards; written rationale
- Understandable simple, clear criteria, explainable
- Implementable data requirements, systems support
- Revenue adequacy meets revenue target

Initial Rate Design Proposal

6

Two rate classes

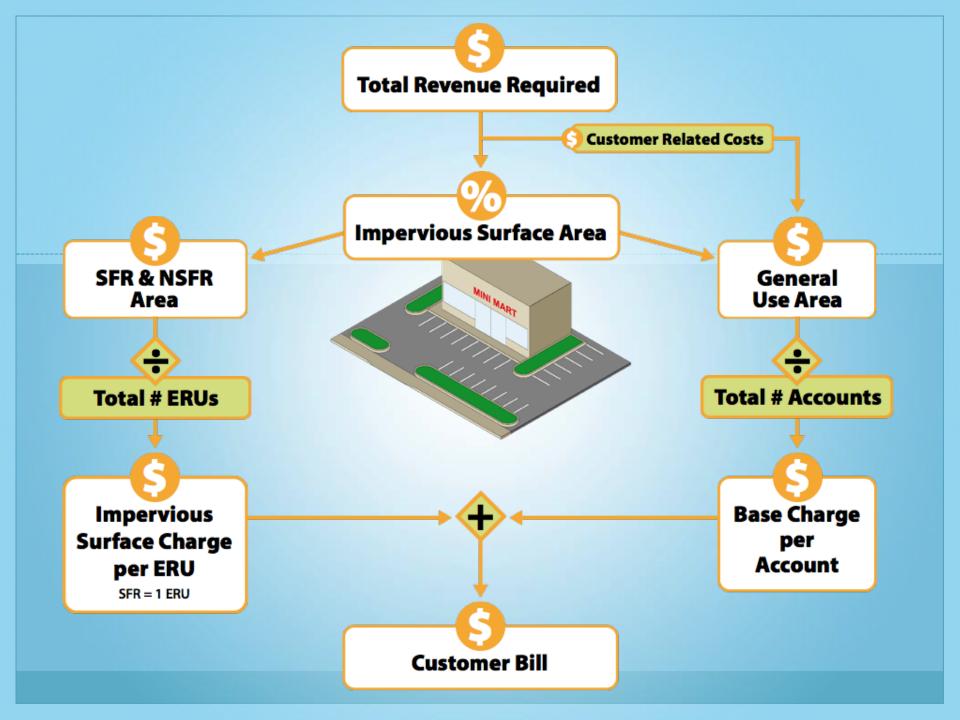
- Single family residential (SFR)
- Non-single family residential (commercial, industrial, etc.) (NSFR)

Stormwater base fee

- Same fee paid by all customers (uniform per account)
- Recovers costs attributed to customer-related services and general use areas

Impervious surface charge

- Charge based on property impervious surface area
- Single family residential rate based on one equivalent residential unit (ERU)
- Commercial, non-single family based on ERU multiple



Basic Rate Structure

8

- Single Family Residential (SFR)
 - Typical amount of SFR impervious surface is basis for ERU
 - Stormwater base fee + one impervious surface charge
- Non-Single Family Residential (NSFR)
 - Measured impervious area converted to ERUs
 - Stormwater base fee + (# of ERUs x impervious surface charge rate)
- Possible Adjustments
 - Different tiers for SFR
 - Credit options for NSFR

Revenue Requirements Summary

- 9
- Existing program (\$1.3 million)
 - Operation, maintenance, regulatory (\$900,000)
 - Capital street project stormwater work (\$400,000)
 - Current funding \$700k sewer, \$550k streets, \$50k fees
- Recommended first-year funding (\$1.75 million)
 - Includes existing program plus billing and account maintenance (\$450,000)
 - Reduces allocation to water and sewer fund (\$225,000 each)
 - Sewer and water rate reduction options discussed later

Revenue Requirements Summary

10

- Projected (5th year) program costs (\$3.45 million)*:
 - First-year program funding level (\$1.75 million)
 - Additional operation, maintenance, regulatory (\$0.60 million)
 - Capital repair, replacement, SW quality facilities (\$1.1 million)
- To be determined
 - Stormwater capacity capital needs not included
 - Permit conditions and timelines within permit
 - Based on receiving reasonable permit

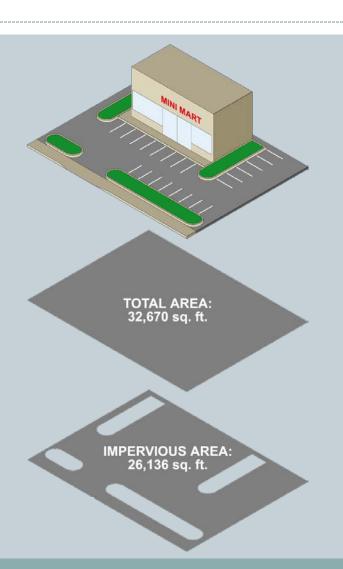
What's The Number?



- Using projected 5th year costs (\$3.45 million)*
 - Without applying SFR tiers
 - Without applying NSFR credits
- SFR monthly cost = \$13.29
 - Base fee = \$9.44 +
 - Impervious surface charge = \$3.85 (one ERU)
- Calculation details
 - For SFR, 1 ERU = 3,200 square feet impervious area
 - Total number ERUs (SFR and NSFR) = 36,292
 - General use impervious area and customer-related costs distributed on a per account basis

^{*}The projected costs have not been adjusted for inflation

NSFR Property Example



26,136 sq. ft. 3,200 sq. ft./ERU*

= **8.17** ERUs

Monthly stormwater bill = base fee (\$9.44) + impervious surface charge (8.17 ERUs x \$3.85/ERU) =

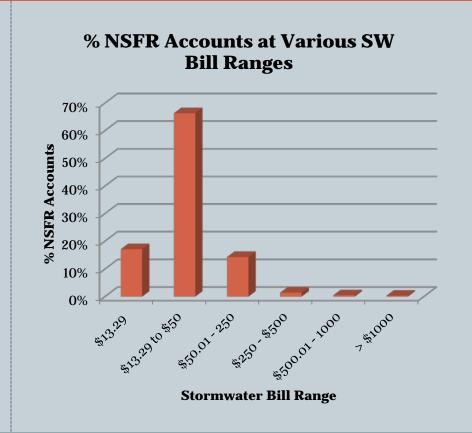
\$31.45

* ERU = equivalent residential unit or the typical amount of impervious surface on a SFR parcel

Distribution of NSFR Bills

(13)

- Nearly 2,500 accounts
- Most bills are less than \$50 per month (83%)
- Bills between \$50-\$250 (14%)
- Bills between \$250 \$500 per month (2%)
- Bills greater than \$500 per month (1%)



Sample NSFR Accounts



- Typical gas station \$19/month
- City Hall \$58/month
- Apartment complex \$128/month
- Large retailers (3) \$523, \$658, \$833/month
- High school \$902/month
- Medium manufacturer \$1,085/month
- Large care facility \$1,505/month
- Large manufacturer \$1,880/month

2015-16 Stormwater Rates in Oregon Cities by Population Single-Family Residential Customers - Stormwater Rate

Population			
2015 PSU	City / District	\$ / mo	Rank
613,355	Portland	\$27.18	1
160,690	Salem	\$14.86	2
19,080	Sherwood	\$14.27	3
60,135	Springfield	\$13.61	4
163,400	Eugene / EWEB	\$12.91	5
11,900	Cornelius	\$12.65	6
37,300	Lake Oswego	\$12.58	7
36,985	Keizer	\$11.57	8
8,775	Independence	\$10.71	9
107,065	Gresham	\$10.34	10
33,940	Oregon City	\$9.35	11
94,215	Beaverton	\$9.25	12
49,280	Tigard	\$9.25	12
23,080	Forest Grove	\$8.25	14
97,480	Hillsboro	\$7.75	15
57,390	Corvallis	\$6.90	16
77,655	Medford	\$6.85	17
22,500	Roseburg	\$6.65	18
25,605	West Linn	\$6.15	19
81,310	Bend	\$5.00	20
15,740	Lebanon	\$3.18	21
845	Adair Village	\$2.50	22
4,650	Philomath	\$1.50	23
9,090	Sweet Home	\$1.00	24
36,465	Grants Pass	\$0.00	25
33,080	McMinnville	\$0.00	25
24,670	Woodburn	\$0.00	25
9,640	Monmouth	\$0.00	25

Note: Not a complete list of Oregon Communities with stormwater fees.

Single Family Residential Tiers

16

Recognizes impervious area size range

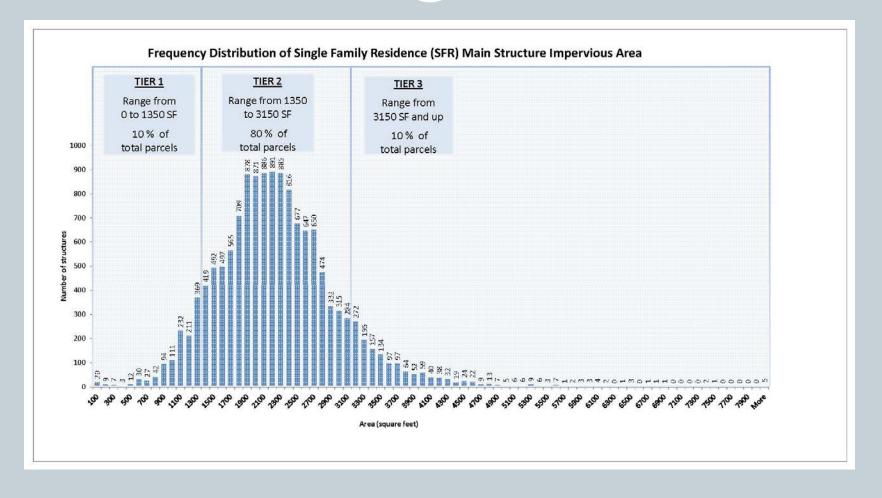
- Typical property gets typical bill
- Larger properties higher bills, smaller properties lower bills
- Choose dividing lines between tiers
- Revenue neutral within SFR class

Fee reduction option

- Difficult to base \$\$ on actual service cost reduction
- Needs to be simple use property main structure only
- Eugene and Salem have tiered rates

Single Family Residential Tiers





NSFR Credit Program Options

(18)

- Two broad categories
 - Reduce stormwater volume (bio-retention, infiltration, planters)
 - Improve stormwater quality (vegetated filtration, media filters)
- Offering credits will likely impact revenue (~5%)
 - Likely will not reduce City's costs, may add costs
 - All customers get minimum bill
 - o "zero sum game"
- Must be carefully designed
 - Keep administrative costs low
 - Understandable and achievable by customer

Rate Reduction Options

19

- Sewer funding stormwater \$700,000 per year
- Billing and account maintenance:
 - 1/3 of current Utility Billing program costs
 - \$225,000 sewer, \$225,000 water
- \$925,000 = 6% of total sewer rate revenue
- \$225,000 = 2% of total water rate revenue

Rate Reduction Options



- Sewer rate reduction of 6%
 - Average SFR sewer bill reduced \$3.29* per month
 - NSFR \$\$ reduction varies by class and usage
- Water rate reduction of 2%
 - Average SFR water bill reduced \$0.84* per month
 - NSFR \$\$ reduction varies by meter size and usage
- Average SFR water and sewer bill reduction
 - \$4.13 per month

^{*}Assumes 6 units of usage and ¾-inch meter

Net Bill Impacts SFR

21

Funding level = \$1.75 M

• New SW bill = \$6.74

- Rate reductions = \$4.13
 - Net impact = \$2.61

Funding level = \$3.45 M

• New SW bill = \$13.29

• Rate reductions =\$4.13

• Net impact = \$9.16

Council Policy Discussion



- Reaction to proposed rate structure
 - Open Does the proposed structure work for Albany?
- Initial thoughts about program funding level
 - o For public outreach discussions, starting point?
 - Include sewer and water rate reduction options?
- Bill adjustment options
 - O Do you want more information about residential rate tiers?
 - o Bring back NSFR credit program proposal?

Public Outreach Strategy and Plan

23

General Outreach

Stormwater web site

- Utility bill stuffers
- City Bridges articles
- Open House?

Targeted Group Meetings

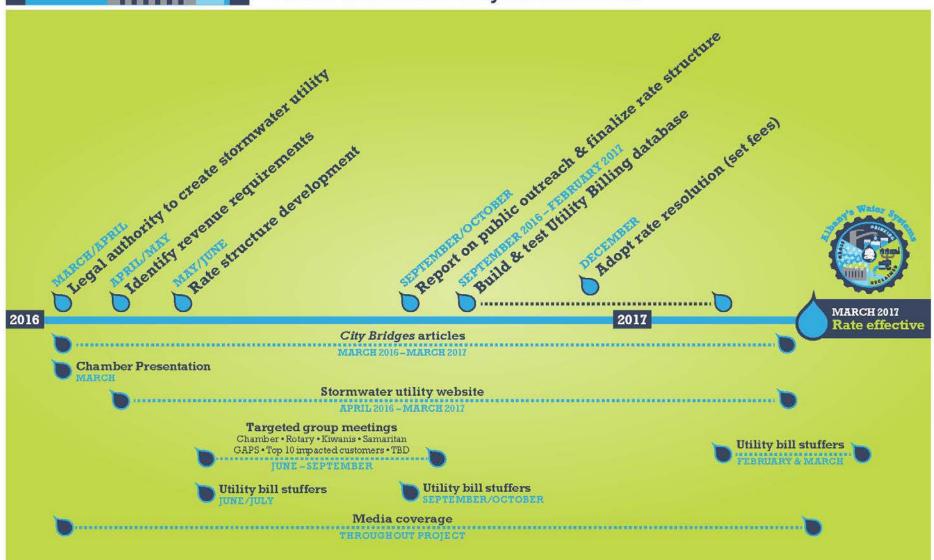
- Chamber of Commerce
- Service clubs
- GAPS
- Top 10 accounts
- Others?





STORMWATER UTILITY DEVELOPMENT

Public Outreach & Project Milestones



Update on DEQ Draft SW Permit

- **(25)**
- Informal draft issued on May 2,2016
- Advisory committee meeting held May 10, 2016
- Substantial re-write of previous permit
- Many issues remain to be resolved
- Written comments submitted May 24, 2016
- New draft scheduled for public comment July 1, 2016
- Final permit issuance September 30, 2016

Next Steps with Council

(26)

- June 20, 2016
 - Define residential tiers, if applicable
 - Define NSFR credit program, if applicable

Questions and Discussion



